

Eksempel på funktion af 2 variable, hvor rækkefølgen af differentiation efter x hhv. y IKKE giver det samme ved ombytning.

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} x \cdot y \cdot \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2} & \text{for } x \neq 0 \wedge y \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } x = 0 \wedge y = 0 \end{cases}$$

Eksemplet er hentet fra bogen "Counterexamples in Analysis":

http://books.google.com/books?id=cDAMh5n4lkkC&printsec=frontcover&hl=da&source=gbs_navlinks_s#v=onepage&q=&f=false

1. ordens afledede:

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ beregnes (på nær i (0, 0)) :

> $\text{diff}\left(x \cdot y \cdot \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}, x\right);$

$$\frac{y(x^2 - y^2)}{x^2 + y^2} + \frac{2x^2 y}{x^2 + y^2} - \frac{2x^2 y(x^2 - y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} \quad (1)$$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(0, y)$ beregnes (på nær i (0, 0)) :

> $\text{subs}(x = 0, (1));$

$$-y \quad (2)$$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(0, 0) = 0$, da $|f(x, y) - f(0, 0)| \leq |x| \cdot |y|$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ beregnes (på nær i (0, 0)) :

> $\text{diff}\left(x \cdot y \cdot \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}, y\right);$

$$\frac{x(x^2 - y^2)}{x^2 + y^2} - \frac{2xy^2}{x^2 + y^2} - \frac{2xy^2(x^2 - y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} \quad (3)$$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x, 0)$ beregnes (på nær i (0, 0)) :

> $\text{subs}(y = 0, (3));$

$$x \quad (4)$$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(0, 0) = 0$, da $|f(x, y) - f(0, 0)| \leq |x| \cdot |y|$

2. ordens afledede:

Beregning af $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \cdot \partial x}(0, 0)$:

$$\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(0, y) - \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(0, 0)}{y} \right)$$

$$> \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{(2) - 0}{y} \right);$$

-1

(5)

$$\text{Dvs. } \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \cdot \partial x}(0, 0) = -1$$

Beregning af $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \cdot \partial y}(0, 0)$:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x, 0) - \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(0, 0)}{x} \right)$$

$$> \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{(4) - 0}{x} \right);$$

1

(6)

$$\text{Dvs. } \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \cdot \partial y}(0, 0) = 1$$

$$\text{Altså er } \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \cdot \partial x}(0, 0) \neq \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \cdot \partial y}(0, 0)$$